

BY THE GOVERNOR.

A PROCLAMATION.

The Thirtieth Day of May in each year has been a public holiday in Wisconsin, not alone as a legal and official recognition of the patriotic services of the soldiers and sailors whose fidelity and valor rescued our nation from impending dissolution, but also to remove all semblance of justification for omitting to conform to the custom which has hallowed and set apart that day for decorating the graves of deceased soldiers.

Therefore, I, William E. Smith, Governor of the State of Wisconsin, recommend to all the people of the State, that they do this year observe this day in a befitting manner. Wherever it is practicable, let the waving of flowers be supplemented with parades and music and orations, and if in any public place ceremonies are not held, let some patriotic and public-spirited man, woman or child see to it that no soldier's grave is without a tribute of spring flowers.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Wisconsin to be affixed.

(Great Seal.) Done at the Capitol, in the city of Madison, this fifth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one.

WILLIAM E. SMITH.
By the Governor:
HANS B. WARNER, Secretary of State.

The Republicans have learned that canons are generally blunders. They have done more than anything else to kill the Democratic party.

When the thermometer ceeps up to 100 in the shade in Washington, look out for an adjournment. That will be a cincher for the dead-lock.

There is not much rejoicing that Stanley Matthews has been confirmed. It is a victory for the administration on which very little praise can be bestowed.

The farmers in several parts of the State are doing well in raising wolves so that they can sell the scalps to the State. There are tricks in all trades but ours.

The star mail route contractors are having such a hot time of it that they begin to think Bob Ingersoll is mistaken about there being no hell. They feel it already.

Another Ohio man has found an office. Charles E. Henry has been nominated for United States Marshal for the District of Columbia. This is a great country for Ohio men.

James Gordon Bennett will circumnavigate the globe in a yacht built at his own expense, which will cost \$200,000. He will take along 30 officers and men, and pay all expenses.

There seems to be a general breaking up of the marriage relations in Maine. At one session of a judicial circuit, nineteen couples were divorced, and this was not counted a big session for divorces, either.

It is said on the authority of the post-office department that it cost seven hundred dollars per letter to carry the mail on one of the star routes in New Mexico. This is not the best way to build up a new country.

Mr. C. H. Haskins, of Milwaukee, who is one of the first electricians in the West, is making arrangements to light a portion of Milwaukee with the electric light. It is very certain that whatever Mr. Haskins undertakes to do, he will be successful.

A man down in Charleston, Indiana, who has been postmaster of that town for twenty-two years, has been removed. There are about nineteen chances out of twenty, that he will hereafter be "agin" the administration, for not being allowed to hold the office during his natural life.

It probably won't be but a few days now before Robertson will be confirmed, and that will end the war between the President and Mr. Conkling. The latter will become convinced that he can't act as President just now, and the former will treat the New York Senator with the respect due his position and his ability.

Secretary Blaine and many other of our first statesmen warmly support the bills before several State Legislatures to exempt American ships in the foreign trade from taxation. This is one important step in the way of restoring shipping. Our ships have been driven from the seas, and the country begins to learn that it is about time to bring them back again.

Mr. Samuel Sullivan Morey, wants to be "seen" quite soon, or he will make it warm for some of the Bourbon Democrats. They induced him to go to New York and perjure himself for campaign purposes, and after he did so and got into trouble, the Democrats abandoned him, and now he is without character, health, friends, and money. He knows a great deal about the Democrats and the Morey business, and unless he is privately seen and oiled down, he will make it disagreeably hot for the Democrats.

We hope, and the country strongly hopes, that Secretary of War Lincoln will do what it is reported he thinks of doing—place a fine marble monument over the grave of Thomas Lincoln, his grandfather, who lies buried in Coles county, Illinois. Thomas Lincoln was the father of the greatest American that ever lived—a man whose name will be deeply honored the world over and for all coming time. Thomas Lincoln lived a hard life. He was industrious and honest, but was poor. To him life was a desperate struggle, and there was much bitterness in his cup. He died long before Abraham rose to fame, and this was one of the deep regrets which followed the great Lincoln all his life. Had

Thomas Lincoln lived to see his son even a successful lawyer, or nothing more than a member of Congress, it would have well-nigh blotted out from his memory the hardships, struggles, and privations of many years, and would have afforded him the satisfaction that he had not lived in vain. The nation will thank Robert Lincoln for doing the work he has set out to do.

THE FLOOD OF IMMIGRATION.

The year 1881 promises to be an important one as regards immigration to this country. From 1820 to June 30, 1879, there had arrived in this country 9,940,022 emigrants. The highest number in any one year was in 1872, when it reached 449,483. It fell to 149,000 in 1877, but rose to 200,000 in 1879. The tide of immigration has been so great since the beginning of the year, that there is every reason to believe that the number per which will find new homes in the United States during the present year, will exceed that of 1872. Every steam-ship brings in hundreds, and on Monday last over 6,500 emigrants arrived in New York alone.

The records show that the great majority of those were Germans of the industrious working classes. Very few of them will stop in the old States. They will seek homes in the new States and in the Territories where land is cheap and abundant. It is said the majority of them brought money with them, enough to give them a start on new lands, and knowing their industrious habits, rigid economy, and ceaseless activity, it is safe to say they will soon become the owners of broad acres and comfortable homes. This class of emigrants very largely add to the strength and the wealth of the nation. They venture where our people fear to go, and endure more hardships, and run more risks than the present generation of Americans feel disposed to do. The one hundred and fifty thousands that have arrived so far this year, have their eyes on the West, and will be an important factor in swelling the population of the new States and Territories. The immense wave that is continually running out from Europe is doing much to weaken the States of that continent. What is their loss is America's gain. The tide is going on and still on, and Europe cannot combine against it. The great exodus will still go on so long as the United States remains the land of the free and the home of the brave and has millions of acres of land to give to the landless.

NEARING THE END.

It has been clearly demonstrated so far during the present session of the Senate that the greatest men are not the wisest of men, and that they are as apt to make as stupid blunders as the average man in every day business. It did not require very much shrewdness to see six weeks or two months ago that the Republican Senators were assuming a great responsibility when they said they would not adjourn till they elected officers of the Senate. The principle for which they contended was right—that the majority should rule—but unfortunately for the Republicans the Democrats had a very effective minority, and could use it if they chose to keep the Republicans from electing officers till doomsday.

In the face of these facts, the Republicans of the Senate put themselves on record as saying that they would fight it out if it took till next December. This was saying a good deal, as it was putting the Republican party in the Senate in a very delicate situation, for, from the beginning, there was not hardly a shadow of hope that the Republicans could elect Gorham Secretary, and Riddleberger Sergeant-at-Arms, and so far as the former is concerned, the country will not regret that the Senate will adjourn before he is elected. It was very plain to a man of ordinary intelligence, though it did not appear very plain to the Senators that the rash promise that they would never back down, could never be kept. It was hardly possible to run the session till next winter. It was almost absolutely certain that there must be some backing down. The Democrats had the advantage and could look on with a good deal of merit while the Republicans were trying to elect Gorham Secretary. They were in a condition to sit still and take it easy, but the Republicans were not. The latter had the administration on their shoulders. They had important diplomatic and departmental nominations to dispose of. There were a score of things to combine to make the Republican situation a very delicate one, and which should have satisfied the statesmen in the Senate that if any backing down was to be done, they were the ones which would be the first to take the lead in doing it. They said they would not go into executive session until the officers were elected but they did go into executive session—were driven into it by public sentiment—and there are no Republican officers of the Senate elected yet. In a caucus they pledged themselves not to adjourn until they had put Gorham and Riddleberger in office, but they will adjourn before that thing is done.

It has been a queer session of the Senate. An important principle was involved in the contest. A great deal was said to a purpose and much was spoken merely to kill time. The result shows that men of exalted political positions, the men whom we call the ablest in the land, are less capable in political action than the average business men are in trade.

Mr. Samuel Sullivan Morey, wants to be "seen" quite soon, or he will make it warm for some of the Bourbon Democrats. They induced him to go to New York and perjure himself for campaign purposes, and after he did so and got into trouble, the Democrats abandoned him, and now he is without character, health, friends, and money. He knows a great deal about the Democrats and the Morey business, and unless he is privately seen and oiled down, he will make it disagreeably hot for the Democrats.

We hope, and the country strongly hopes, that Secretary of War Lincoln will do what it is reported he thinks of doing—place a fine marble monument over the grave of Thomas Lincoln, his grandfather, who lies buried in Coles county, Illinois. Thomas Lincoln was the father of the greatest American that ever lived—a man whose name will be deeply honored the world over and for all coming time. Thomas Lincoln lived a hard life. He was industrious and honest, but was poor. To him life was a desperate struggle, and there was much bitterness in his cup. He died long before Abraham rose to fame, and this was one of the deep regrets which followed the great Lincoln all his life. Had

SETTLED AT LAST.

The Great Controversy Between the President and Senator Conkling

Over the Nomination of Robertson May Be Regarded as Practically Settled.

It is Now Predicted that Robertson Will Be Confirmed Early Text Week.

Notwithstanding the Rule of the Caucus that it Should Lay Over Until December.

Gossip Relating to a Change Between Robertson and Chandler.

It is Now Claimed that Senator Conkling Has Been Misrepresented By the Press.

Mrs. President Garfield is Dangerously Ill With Typhoid Fever.

The Ceremony of Laying the Corner Stone of the Milwaukee Exposition Building.

Commissioner Turner Taking Testimony in the Hemlock River Bridge Disaster.

Train Load of Excited Emigrants Quarrelling with the Railroad Officials at Madison.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

THE SITUATION.

The Robertson Case Will Be Settled by the Senate Early Next Week—Mr. Conkling's Position.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The controversy between the President and the New York Senators over the nomination of Mr. Robertson to be collector of the port of New York, may be regarded as practically settled. It is expected that Mr. Robertson will be confirmed early next week. The rule of the Republican caucus providing that no contested nominations, or, in other words, nominations objected to by a Republican Senator from the State where the office to be filled is located, shall not be considered until next December, still stands, but to all intents and purposes it is a dead letter.

There are only two important nominations pending before the Senate—that of Mr. Robertson, and William E. Chandler to be solicitor general. Mr. Chandler's name may be withdrawn, as it is certain that he cannot ever be confirmed. The judiciary committee opposed him almost unanimously, and it is understood that the President has been requested to withdraw his nomination. This General Garfield refuses to do unless it is the wish of Mr. Chandler's friends. The President is not exceedingly anxious that Mr. Chandler should be confirmed, but he naturally desires that the friends of that gentleman should take the initiative in relieving him—Chandler—from an embarrassing position. It is understood that Mr. Chandler, not being anxious to receive an official black eye from the Senate, will request the President to withdraw his name.

A vacancy in the office of solicitor general suggests possibly, in that case, to the stalwart Republicans, a final disposition of Mr. Robertson in some other place than collector of the port of New York.

A member of the cabinet who has not regarded the action of the President in originally naming Mr. Robertson as a piece of political wisdom, is authority for the statement that Robertson, if confirmed to be collector, will not be put into any other place. The friends of the President are in a majority in the Senate.

This fact can no longer be gainsaid. Mr. Robertson's nomination will come up in the regular order of the first of next week, and it will doubtless be reported from the commerce committee. It is understood this committee will meet Monday to consider Robertson's case. The nomination will be reported Tuesday or Wednesday and he acted upon forthwith. An administration Senator said to-day that Mr. Conkling's position had been evidently misrepresented by the press generally, and, therefore, misapprehended by the public. He had never intended to defeat Robertson's confirmation by indirect means or dilatory tactics. He had not delayed the business of the Senate, because during the dead-lock he had no more to do with it than any other member of the body. The caucus rule, to act first upon uncontested elected nominations, did not retard the matter, because there had been business enough of such a character to occupy the Senate. Therefore, it was not fair to charge Mr. Conkling with having delayed matters, as the case now stands, and it seems that this attitude will not be changed.

MRS. GARFIELD.

Mrs. President Garfield is Dangerously Ill With Typhoid Fever.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Mrs. Garfield is very ill to-night. A council of her attending physicians was held, at which Dr. Boynton, vice-president of a homoeopathic college, presided. The illness is declared to be complete nervous prostration, caused by excitement, from which there has been no relief since the Presidential nominating convention. Her temperature is very high, having indicated

101 for some days. She has frequent nervous prostrations. At midnight Mrs. Garfield is worse, her illness having assumed a typhoid character.

THE CORNER STONE.

The Ceremony of Laying the Corner Stone of the Milwaukee Exposition Building.

MILWAUKEE, May 13.—The ceremony of laying the corner stone for the exposition building, which has been ordered to take place to-morrow afternoon, will cause an extraordinary congregation of citizens. At 3 o'clock a procession will move to the place, from the corner of Broadway and Wisconsin streets in the following order: Light horse Squadron and Sheridan Guards, Wisconsin and St. John Commanderies Knights Templar, Milwaukee Lodge of Odd Fellows, United Workmen, Chamber of Commerce, Mayor and common council, Merchants' Association, and invited guests. The corner stone laid, the assembly will be addressed by Congressmen Williams, State Treasurer Guenther, United States Attorney Hazelton and Colonel W. F. Vilas.

HEMLOCK RIVER BRIDGE.

MADISON, May 13.—Railroad Commissioner Turner returned to-day from Grand Rapids, where he has for two days been taking testimony relative to the burning of the railroad bridge over the Hemlock River, by reason of which an engine and nine cars of the Green Bay, Winona and St. Paul railway were destroyed near Dexterville two weeks ago. A large number of railroad operatives and witnesses were examined. The testimony thus far adduced bears out the theory of the company that the bridge was fired by an incendiary, and the accident occurred through no fault of the company. The taking of testimony will be continued about ten days.

The Hound Unleashed.

Chas. Thompson, Franklin street, Buffalo, says: "I have suffered for a long time with constipation, and tried almost every purgative advertised, but only resulting in temporary relief, and after was told about your Senna Blossom, and tried it, I can now say I am cured, and though some months have elapsed, still remain so. I shall, however, always keep some on hand in case of old complaint returning." Price 50 cents, trial size 10 cents.

For sale by A. J. Roberts and Sherr & Co.

EXCITED EMIGRANTS.

MADISON, May 13.—A lively fight is in progress between the railroad company and several emigrants whose goods were destroyed by accident. The company claims that the emigrants secreted quantities of kerosene in their luggage, contrary to regulations, and consequently refuse to pay the losses. The company's officers also say that four or five persons were stealing their transportation, and had hidden themselves in freight cars. These people also demand pay for the goods destroyed, but are refused.

WILLIAM E. CHANDLER.

BOSTON, May 13.—William E. Chandler, who is now at Manchester, N. H., engaged in the trial of an important case, authorizes the contradiction of dispatches from Washington announcing that he will withdraw from the contest for the solicitor-generalship. He says the idea has never once entered his mind.

Fraud.

Tens of thousands of dollars are squandered yearly upon travelling quacks, who go from town to town professing to cure all the ills that our poor humanity is heir to. Why will not the public learn common sense, and if they are suffering from dyspepsia or liver complaint, invest a dollar in Spring Blossom, sold by all druggists and endorsed by the faculty. See testimonials. Price 50 cents, trial bottles 10 cents.

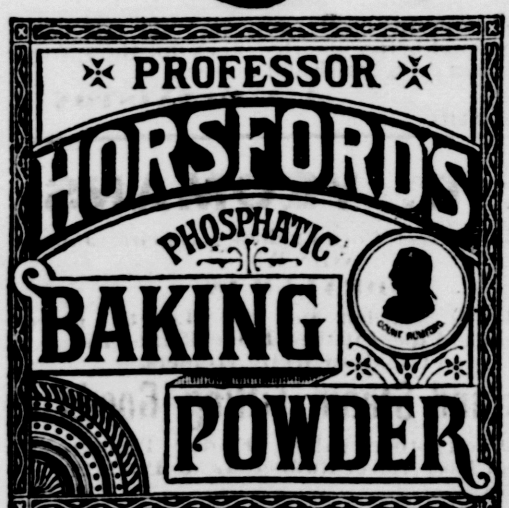
Sold by A. J. Roberts and Sherr & Co.

HER LAST LEAP.

WILKESBARRE, May 13.—Miss Elizabeth Gadene, whose professional name was Lizzie Devere, one of Barnum's circus performers, who met with an accident in being projected from a catapult at the performance in this city on the 3d inst., by falling on her head in the netting stretched to receive her in the perilous descent, died to-day at the New York hospital in consequence of such injuries.

How often persons have been annoyed by burrs clinging to their dress or clothing, and how seldom have they, when cleaning them, given it a thought that Burdock Root is the most valuable blood cleanser and purifier known, and is sold by every druggist under the name of Burdock Blood Bitters. Price \$1, trial size 10 cents.

Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Sherr & Co.



Made from Professor Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Recommended by leading physicians. Makes lighter biscuits, cakes, etc., and is healthier than ordinary Baking Powder. In cans. Sold at a reasonable price. The Horsford Almanac and Cook Book sent free. Runkford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I. and 83 Lake St., Chicago, Ill. apr23daw10wly

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



TARRANT'S SELTZER WATER. May properly be called the "Hercules" of medicine, for it cleanses the human system, and allows the recuperative powers of the system to do the work of restoration to health. No medicine cures; Nature alone cures. This Agent opens the proper avenues, the functions are permitted to resume their work, and the patient gets well.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy! Earn \$40 to \$100 a month. Graduates guaranteed paying offices. Address Valentine Bros., Janesville, Wis.

A Local Newspaper. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y. my14daw1w

FOOTWEAR FOR Everybody.

A large arrival of Spring & Summer Goods. Just received by

TRULSON & PETERSON.

No. 16, Corner Milwaukee and River Streets—SIGN of the BIG BOOT!

Our goods are made expressly for our own trade. We are special agents for Reynold Bros.' Celebrated Fine Shoes, For Ladies, Misses and Children.

Acknowledged to be the Best Gents' Fine Boots and Shoes.

Our prices as low as the lowest, and satisfaction guaranteed. Custom work made to order, and repairing neatly and promptly done. ep23daw1w

WHEELLOCK'S Crockery Store.

Jewett's Refrigerators! Jewett's Ice Chests—\$7.00 up; Jewett's Filters which save much sickness.

Ice Cream Freezers! Five Sizes; Double Wall Water. Water Coolers, five sizes; 11 kinds

BABY CARRIAGES! \$2.50 up. New Bird Cages, in Japan, Brass and Bright Wire; 18 styles Garden Vases, 25 cents up; Large White Swan for the Lawn, \$1.00; Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets; great variety large Hanging Baskets, 10 cents; Hampers, \$1; Lap Boards, 50 cents.

Folding Tables! Elegant Baccarat Goblets; Bubble Tumblers; New lot of good Table Linens, 50 cents down; Haviland's Moss Rose 50 Rice China Tea Sets, \$12.00.

New Dinner Sets Ten Rice Decorated Toilet Sets, \$4 up; another lot of Boots Summer Time Ware, Ivory bone in separate prices, very pretty and cheap.

Many New Novelties! And some Job Lots at about half price; 5 kinds of Carpet Sweepers, \$2.50; Steam Tempered Chimneys, oct14dly

FURNITURE!

Britton & Kimball Are now receiving their SPRING STOCK of GOODS.

By all odds the most desirable styles ever bro't here, and prices are very reasonable. A magnificent lot of

Fancy Stands Camp Chairs, RATTAN ROCKERS, LAWN CHAIRS and Settees; Parlor and Chamber Furniture; Kitchen and Dining Room Sets, Mattresses, Pillows, Spring Beds, Step Ladders, Clothes Bars, Carpet Sweepers, etc.

REFRIGERATORS! The best in the market, and warranted perfect. Children's Carriages! Velocipedes, Express Wagons, Parlor Swings, Rocking Horses, Toy Carts, etc.

CALL AND SEE Our immense Stock.

UNDERTAKERS! Fifteen years experience. Satisfaction in this line guaranteed. BRITTON AND KIMBALL.

NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE, feb23daw10m

FOR SALE at a BARGAIN! A Very Desirable Residence on the East Side, containing eight acres of land, good barn, well, and two cisterns, large orchard and any amount of small fruit.

Also several comfortable homes in different parts of the city. Call or address Miss ANGLE J. KING, Attorney-at-Law, No. 8, West Milwaukee street, Janesville, Wis. apr12daw1w

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS—At the very low rates at the GAZETTE OFFICE.

ADAMS & WESTLAKE

OIL STOVE!

We have just received our first lot of this celebrated Oil Stove, much improved for 1881. The only wire gauze, Non-Explosive Oil Stove. The only Oil Stove recommended by Insurance Companies. Perfectly odorless. Trials given and satisfaction guaranteed.

Philadelphia, Daisy and Buckeye Lawn Mowers. Alaska Refrigerators. Cook's Filters. McKey's Old Stand.

HANCHETT & SHELDON, 24 and 26 Main Street

SCHOOL BOOKS!

SUPPLIES!

KING'S BOOK STORE

NEXT TO POST-OFFICE.

WE HAVE A

Savings Bank for Young Men!

WHO LIKE TO DRESS WELL.

ANY ORDINARY SHAPED BOY OR MAN, NO LARGER THAN 38 AROUND THE CHEST, CAN BUY JUST AS STYLISH AND PERFECT FITTING READY MADE CLOTHES AT OUR STORE AS ANY TAILORS IN JANESVILLE CAN PRODUCE, AND SAVE FROM \$5 to \$15 ON A SUIT.

Come In, Try On a Suit and See if You Can Discover a Fault.

"NO LIKEE, NO TAKEE."—It is the best clothing made, can be found at no other store in the city, and it is a pleasure for us to show such goods. We have one particular BARGAIN IN A \$15.00 SUIT, that we want you all to see at

SMITH & SON'S, ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE.

F. S. LAWRENCE & Co.

Successors to Moseley Bros., No. 10 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

Having purchased the Stock, Fixtures and good will of Moseley & Bro., we most cordially invite our friends and the public generally to call and see us at the old stand, and examine our stock of Books, Stationery, Wall Papers, Curtains, Curtain fixtures, Mouldings, Musical Instruments, Sheet Music and fancy goods generally, and we will endeavor to please them in every particular—Janesville, Wis., April 28th, 1881.

F. S. LAWRENCE, HERBERT J. LAWRENCE.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

PRENTICE & EVENSON DRUGGISTS & CHEMISTS, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, JANESVILLE, WIS.

